

Zagreb, 27 September 2023

Overview of the amendments introduced in ES-TRIN 2023 and additional tools

- Reminder of key elements of ES-TRIN
- Information on the content of edition 2023 (as collective work)
- Information on the on-going work for edition 2025
- Follow-up of the Vienna meeting (wish expressed by some participants)

=> Questions / remarks during the presentation are welcome!

ES-TRIN - Key elements



- Uniform technical requirements for ensuring the safety of inland navigation vessels
 - Provisions on inland navigation vessel construction, arrangement and equipment
 - Special provisions for certain categories such as passenger vessels or container vessels
 - Instructions on how to apply the technical standard (ESI)
- Available in 4 languages (German, English, French, Dutch)
- Regular updates (every two years).
 Adoption year N-1; ES-TRIN edition N; Entry into force year N+1
- Not binding per se => CCNR, EU, international organisations and States can apply ES-TRIN by referring to it in their respective legal frameworks



=> A vessel operating on EU waterways or Rhine must carry either a Union inland navigation certificate or a Rhine vessel inspection certificate. Both certificates confirm the full compliance with ES-TRIN.

ES-TRIN - New elements which enter into force in January 2024



Summary

- Low flashpoint fuels and fuel cells,
- Life jackets,
- Waste water collection,
- After-treatment systems,
- Repair of engines in service,
- Passenger vessels,
- Recreational craft,
- Retractable wheelhouses,
- Permanently installed firefighting systems for protecting objects,
- Special anchors with reduced mass,

but also new ESI-III-11 for fire partitions, update of requirements for radar and rate-of-turn indicators, references to EN/ISO standards, reference to ES-RIS for AIS and ECDIS equipment, editorial corrections...

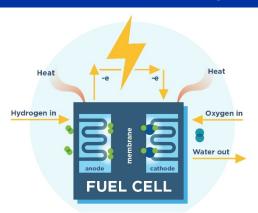
Detailed list of amendments = CESNI/PT (21) 1 rev. 3

Explanatory notice foreseen

Low flashpoint fuels and fuel cells

CESNI/\$

- Reorganization of Chapter 30 and Annex 8 to encompass other fuels than LNG
 - Chapter 30 = general requirement for all low flashpoint fuels.
 - Annex 8 = different sections for storage and use of different fuels
- Clarification of requirements for risk assessment (Article 30.04)
- Annex 8, Section III => requirements for fuel cells
- Not included in ES-TRIN 2023 (but next editions): ongoing work for requirements on storage and use of methanol as well as hydrogen
- Engines of less than 20 kW Article 30.01(3)- CESNI/PT confirms that installed petrol engines (even below 20 kW) are forbidden in accordance with ES-TRIN.
- ES-TRIN = tool to facilitate and enable energy transition of IWT



Life jackets (Article 13.08(2))



A personal automatically inflatable life jacket shall be within reach of every person who is regularly on board a craft.

Such life jackets shall conform to:

- a) the Regulation (EU) 2016/425 as amended; or
- b) the International Life-Saving Appliance (LSA) Code, sub-section 2.2.

One solution to comply with the requirements

- => EN ISO 124022 : 2020, EN ISO 124023 : 2020, EN ISO 124024 : 2020.
- Non-inflatable lifejackets still admissible for children.
- Industry initiative to promote proper maintenance of existing life-jackets



Engines: After-treatment systems and engine repairs



New 9.09(5)(c): malfunctioning of the after-treatment system for vessel with a single-engine propulsion => alarm + override the automatic shutdown of the engine, to continue operation for at least 30 minutes in order to reach a safe berth.

New 9.10: Engine repairs are permitted if

- consistent with the type approval;
- identity of that repaired engine is traceable (such that the original engine that was placed on the market and installed on the vessel can be identified). Maintenance/repair report (description of work, components, compliance with manufacturers' instructions...)

ES-TRIN forbids replacement engines either all at once or by successive replacement of all the parts

INLAND WATERWAYS TRANSPORT

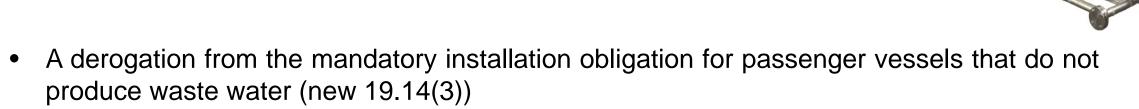
Article 9.10 applies only for repairs performed after 1 January 2024

=> See Engine FAQ published by CESNI/Euromot (edition July 2023), Q25

Waste water collection for passenger vessels (19.14)



- Set a transitional deadline of 2030 for all passenger vessels not yet covered by the mandatory installation obligation (Art. 19.14)
- Discharging of waste water is deemed to be a manifest danger for the environment.
 - => general derogation envisaged where no manifest danger exists therefore no longer applies.
- Harmonised approach at European level
 - => 8-year period (from 2022) to adapt the shore infrastructure.



- A possible derogation from the requirement for toilets for day-trip vessels operating limited journeys of local interest or in harbour areas (19.15(12))
- Important coordination with CDNI competent bodies (Waste convention for CCNR + LUX)

Passenger vessels (Chapter 19)



Amendments and database entries prepared by the dedicated sub-working Group from 2018 to 2021

- 1.01 Clarification of definition (new definition for unprotected opening)
- 19.01(4) number of seats for persons with reduced mobility cannot be less than 1%.
- + one/two for cabin vessels with sleeping berths with less/more than 200 passengers.
- 19.02 Materials other than steel, such as aluminium alloy or Fibre Reinforced Plastic
- 19.03(1) Proof of sufficient intact stability
- 19.03(6) turning stability for vessels capable of higher speeds (planing vessel)
- 19.06 clarification regardings "muster" and "evacuation" areas; provisions for exit and stairs, allowance of doors with an automatic release by a push button
- 19.11 Revision of the table for fire partitions (approach based on fire risks, list of rooms as example)
- 19.13 Safety organization, notably for day-trip vessels
- 19.15 additional derogations for small passenger vessels



Transitional provisions foreseen for existing vessels (note: corrigendum ES-TRIN 2023 for transitional provisions regarding the sum of the widths of all stairs)

Recreational craft (Chapter 26 and ESI-III-8)



Initial proposal from EBA (European Boating Association)

Prevention of overlap of requirements for recreational craft subject to Directive 2013/53/EU

Clarification of requirements on

- maneuverability (Chapter 5),
- Inland AIS,
- life-saving equipment,
- ability to be pushed



New entry in database regarding equipment voluntary installed on board (ex. radar) that has to meet ES TRIN requirements if the owner / operator chooses to install the equipment

Retractable wheelhouse (Article 13.08(2))



'Retractable wheelhouse': a wheelhouse whose height is adjusted solely by lowering the upper mobile part while the wheelhouse floor remains in position, or in another related manner;

(≠ Elevating wheelhouse regulated in 7.12)



New Article 7.14 with safety requirements

Retractable wheelhouses and their appliances shall be inspected regularly (at least every 12months) by a competent person.

Permanently installed firefighting systems for protecting objects (13.06)



- Recognition of practices (notably for equipment such as batteries)
- Used to protect systems and equipment.
- Safety requirements and extinguishing agent by analogy with those in Article 13.05
- The effect must be aimed directly at the objects to be protected. The operating area of the firefighting systems can be restricted by structural measures.
- With regard to their supply of extinguishing agent, independent of systems referred to in Articles 13.04 and 13.05

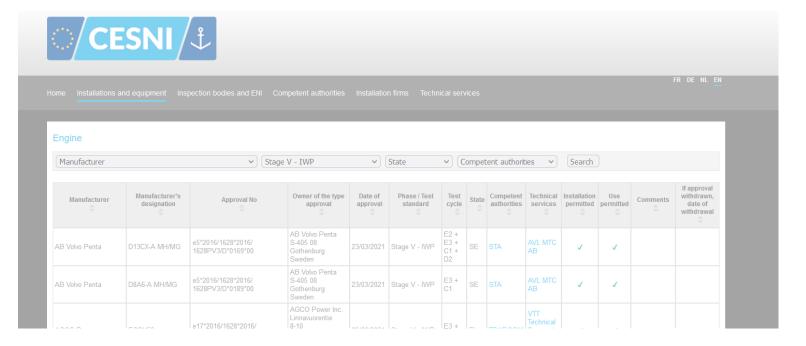




 Same procedure but the list of special anchors with reduced mass is now published on the CESNI website https://listes.cesni.eu/



 For recreational craft, the inspection body may also authorise special anchors with reduced mass in accordance with the rules of a recognised classification society



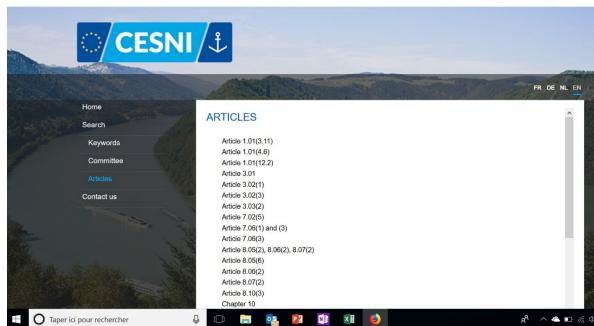
Database on the application of technical requirements for inland navigation vessels



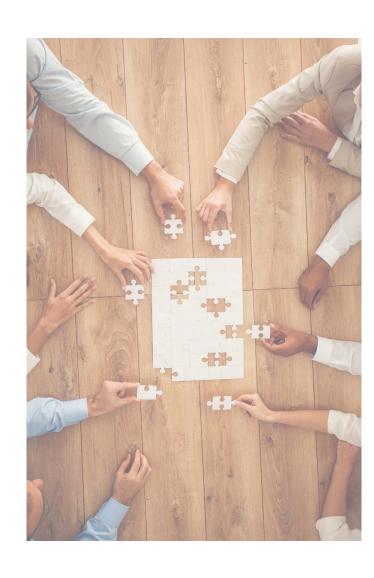
ES-TRIN FAQ

- Questions, comments and interpretations for which the Working Group Technical Requirements (CESNI/PT) has given a coordinated response or conclusion.
- Publically accessible
- Legal status similar to minutes of international meeting Only comments of technical requirements
- Incorporation of CCNR's RVfaq database, together with all the new interpretations approved by the CESNI/PT Working Group since the beginning of 2016.
- Primary public audience = Inspection bodies, experts, classification societies

http://estrin-faq.cesni.eu







Not yet approved – expected entry into force in January 2026

- Elevating wheelhouses (7.12)
- Filling connections and appropriate color codes (8.05 + new ESI?)
- Marking of hazardous areas and labelling of fuels (10.04)
- Type-approved external sensors (Annex 5)
- Abandonment of engine parameter protocol (Annex 6)
- Storage and use of methanol (Annex 8 and Chapter 30)
- Water sprinkers (ESI-II-10)
- Batteries ?
- Onboard sewage treatment plants?
- ...

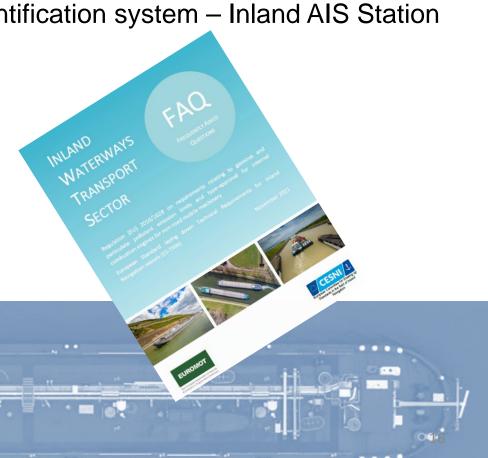
Additional helping tools from CESNI

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- Guide for the procedure to marinise NRE and Euro VI engines
- Guide for the hull survey report model file
- Leaflet on deliberation on derogations and equivalences of technical requirements of the ES-TRIN for specific craft
- Guidelines on the installation of the inland automatic identification system Inland AIS Station
- FAQ Electric propulsions installations
- Explanatory notices of ES-TRIN ...

http://estrin-faq.cesni.eu

https://listes.cesni.eu/



Follow-up of Vienna meeting



Questions	Торіс	State of play	Reference document
HR1/HR2	Scope of the hull inspection during periodical inspection and measurement by ultrasound	CESNI approved the guide for a hull survey report model file and published it on the CESNI website	CESNI/PT (19) 69 rev. 2
HR9	Dry-dock inspection	Answer approved by CESNI/PT	CESNI/PT (18)m 41, HR9
DE7, FR1	Installations needed for vessel safety	Entry in database regarding normal operation and operation in an emergency. No need of amendment of ES-TRIN.	CESNI/PT (20) 87 rev 2 CESNI/PT (22)m 50, item 3.9
FR3	Equipment forward of the plane of the collision bulkhead and aft of the aft-peak bulkhead	Given the Inspection bodies' divergent practices and the absence of a consensus on amending Article 3.03(2) as regards installations sited aft of the aft-peak, the CESNI/PT invited Belgium to provide a minimum list of installations that are prohibited from being sited aft of the aft-peak bulkhead. Belgium and the IWT platform were also invited to propose conditions governing the authorisation of after-treatment systems aft of the after-peak bulkhead.	CESNI/PT (22)m 50, item 3.7
NL5	Monitoring and indicating equipment	Dutch delegation was invited to submit a revised proposal	CESNI/PT (18)m 41, NL5
NL2	installation and performance tests for Inland AIS equipment	Amendment included in ES-TRIN 2019 Information given to RIS/G	CESNI/PT (18) 72 CESNI/PT (18)m 86
DE3	Elevating wheelhouse	Amendement foreseen in ES-TRIN 2025	CESNI/PT (23) 8
AT 1	Fuel tanks, pipes and accessories	Answer approved by CESNI/PT	CESNI/PT (18)m 41, AT1
BE7	Bilge pumping and drainage systems	Question passed to the ADN Safety committee and relevant bodies of the CDNI	CESNI/PT (18)m 41, BE7

See CESNI/PT (23) 17

THANK YOU very much for your attention!



